

100 AND BOOK 001

COUNCIL MEETING

Members Divide on Rink Question.

The regular meeting of the Council was held in the Council Chamber on Thursday, July 23rd. Mayor Cansell, in the chair, and present Aldermen Bortell, Lord, Smith, Coots and Watson.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Reports on samples of water sent for analysis from the city were received from A. C. Rankin, Provincial Bacteriologist, and A. Lehmann, B.S.A., Professor of Chemistry. From Greene & Payne, asking for advice as to arrangements made in reference to adjustment with C.P.R. of the old station property.

T. S. Miller wrote the Council, objecting to the two-roomed house, occupied by Mrs. Anderson, being moved on to the property adjoining his own property. Left to Commissioners.

A letter was received from the Saskatchewan Land Co., notifying the Council to school taxes on N.E. of 7-38-27, W. of 4th, and that they were public school supporters.

The Western Canada Firemen's Association called the Council's attention to the association convention at Regina, July 30th, and invited the Council and Chief Meeres to be present.

Secretary Mann, of the Agricultural Society, asked for the services of Foreman Morris for repairs and improvements at the exhibition grounds, and the time in connection therewith charged against the city's grant to the society. Left to Commissioners.

H. P. Manbey, of Edmonton, wrote re. position of engineer. Filed.

DATE OF APPEALS SET.

A letter was received from Judge Lees appointing Tuesday, July 28th, at 10 a.m. as the time, and the City Hall, Red Deer, as the place for hearing the appeals from the court of revision for 1914.

W. C. Bryan wrote acknowledging receipt of \$200 for fireless disaster from City of Red Deer.

M. A. Munro, Secretary of School Board, wrote submitting estimates of the Red Deer Public School District for 1914, and demanding payment at once.

COMMISSIONERS' REPORT.

The Commissioners brought in the following report:

We have discussed with Mr. Greene the question of quarterly payment of taxes, and believe that some improvement can be made to the present system of assessment and collection of taxes.

The assessment will have to be made in the fall and completed by

January 1st. The new Council and the School Board will have to pass their estimates after the first of the year, then the rate can be struck and the taxes levied. As it is difficult to set a date when the notices must be sent out, we would suggest that instead of making taxes payable at fixed periods that tax payers be permitted to pay their taxes in instalments of not less than 25 per cent. of the total amount due, provided the total taxes exceed a certain sum. It will be necessary to have the charter amended to effect any change, and if it is decided to make any the solicitor should be authorized to prepare a bill as such. Though the new system cannot come into effect until 1916 it will be necessary to have the bill passed this fall.

Pursuant to your instructions we interviewed Mr. Byers, manager of Cushing Bros., and C. Hamilton re. change of grade on Galt Ave. North. Mr. Hamilton stated that if the grade were raised above his present floor level he would require the city to pay for the necessary alterations to his building. Mr. Byers stated that Cushing Bros. would object to the grade being raised above their present floor level at their block.

We will have the rate by-law prepared as soon as the appeals are decided.

The improvements to the exhibition grounds are being made. The track has been drained, a well dug and the fence around the inside of track built.

The following are the revised assessment figures for 1914: City, \$140,000, net assessment \$1,220,033. Land, \$4,089,033, special franchise, \$10,000, net assessment \$1,220,033. Exemptions, \$517,217. Business assessment, \$40,841. Total school assessment, \$7,300,611.

In checking over the roll we note that some properties have been omitted. All of which is respectfully submitted.

S. N. CARSCALLEN, A. T. STEPHENSON, Commissioners.

Moved by Aldermen Watson and Bortell—that the Commissioners' report be received and adopted, with the exception of clause one, which is referred back to Commissioners. Carried.

The question of cattle straying on to the nuisance grounds was again brought up. It was found that the fencing was being continually broken and that the gates were not always closed.

Moved by Aldermen Smith and Lord—that the portion of the quarter section purchased by the city for a nuisance ground, lying west of the trail, be fenced with a four wire fence of best barbed wire, put up in a

good substantial manner. Carried.

REPORT OF SKATING RINK COMMITTEE.

The rink committee reported that they had gone into the question as fully as time permitted.

They had taken the matter up with Seymour & Dawe, city engineers, and got them to prepare preliminary plans of a roof-truss of wood and steel for a building 60 x 100. The cost of this rink completed would be \$10,000.

Plans were also produced from the Manitoba Bridge and Iron Works for a steel frame work for a building 65 x 105, to cost, erected, \$12,000. The annual repayments of a ten year lease on the building would be \$1,357.07 and \$1,030.46 respectively. All of which is respectfully submitted.

S. N. CARSCALLEN, J. T. WATSON, A. T. STEPHENSON.

Mayor Cansell said the committee had gone as fully into the matter as they could at the present time, and realizing that it was necessary to do something at once, as time was passing, they had Mr. Dawson, engineer, present with the plans he had drawn up, and hoped the Council would decide definitely tonight one way or the other, what was to be done.

A discussion then took place as to the merit of the two classes of structure proposed and the difference of cost.

Mr. Dawson had at first favored wood and steel trusses combined, but on learning that it might be necessary at some time to move the building to other parts of the city, he thought the all-steel work would be best.

Alderman Watson favored steel construction, and thought that it could be erected by the city for less than \$1000. He did not think it would pay a large concern to send men here to do the work. He did not like the plans submitted for dressing rooms—they were too small—but that was a matter that could be gone into later.

Alderman Lord favored the all-steel building, but did not altogether agree with Alderman Watson that the work should be done by the city, unless it was overlooked by an inspector or some proper authority on that class of work daily, because it was a place where the public would meet in large numbers, and they would be morally responsible for their safety.

The mayor pointed out at this stage of the proceedings that the services of an engineer as overseer had been provided for in the estimates.

STEEL FRAME RINK TO BE ERECTED.

The Council eventually agreed that it would be the wisest policy to erect a steel frame rink building, 65 x 105, and Alderman Lord proposed that the rink be placed on the members on the question.

Alderman Smith rose to speak on the motion, and said that while he



ABOUT EMERALDS

The emerald was the gem most highly prized by the ancients. Nero, who was near-sighted, looked at the contents of gladiators through an eyeglass of emerald, and concave glasses of emerald seem to have been particularly esteemed among the old Romans. The emerald is supposed to bestow hope, constancy, and fidelity in love affairs and in friendship, and is much prized as a betrothal ring. The power of bestowing faith, immortality, and wealth has also been attributed to the emerald, as well as that of revealing falsehood and treachery.

Emeralds were said at one time to have strong medicinal virtues. Reduced to powder and swallowed, they were believed to cure the bites and stings of all venomous creatures, and to be a remedy for fever and other ailments. An emerald hung round the neck was supposed to be efficacious in melancholia and to restore sight and memory, dispel terror, guard against epilepsy, and drive away sorcerers and evil spirits, and if applied to the mouth it was said to stop hemorrhages.

If the jewel turned dull or pale, however, it was thought an ill omen for the wearer, and it was also considered unlucky if the stone fell from its setting. At the coronation of George III, a large emerald dropped from the crown; this was considered an omen of the loss of America, and the madness of the unhappy monarch in later years. Old writers dwell much on the beauty of the stone, which "passeth all green things in greenness." Pliny related many curious things about the stone, which he highly esteemed, and Chaucer mentions "emeralds" among the gems in the sparkling circle which adorned the head of Richard.

A Queer Bird



Alderman Coots was strongly in favor of submitting the by-law to the people, and believed it would be a grave mistake if they were not allowed to pass on it. The question had been agitated year after year by the ratepayers, who considered it necessary, but the old charter had not allowed the Council to take the matter up, and now that they could deal with it objections were raised that they would not be able to finance it. He did not think Alderman Smith was right in inferring that the onus of responsibility was being shifted from the Council's shoulders on to the citizens. Neither did he agree with Alderman Bortell that it would hurt the bankers, as the rink would not be built unless the debentures sold.

He had spoken to many ratepayers on the matter, and in no instance had any objection been raised, and he was satisfied that had Alderman Cansell been present he would have favored the submitting of the by-law, as he was strongly in favor of a rink. He believed in putting it through, not dropping it.

Alderman Bortell here said that he had been as enthusiastic as anyone, but he thought the people would say at this stage that the Council were going too strong this year.

Alderman Watson thought it would be bad business to ask the people to support such a by-law if it had not been asked for, but he was satisfied that they wanted it and would like to see it go to them to pass upon.

Alderman Lord said he did not wish to waste any time upon the question. His mind was made up that the people had asked for it, and it was up to the Council to place the by-law in front of them, and if it passed, and the debentures sold, it would be up to them to go ahead and build; if it did not pass, then they would have to wait another year.

The Mayor then read the following motion:

Moved by Aldermen Lord and Watson—that the Council favor the construction of a steel frame rink building, 65 x 105 feet proper, and that the Commissioners be authorized to have a by-law prepared for \$12,000 to cover cost of building. Carried.

For the motion, Aldermen Lord, Watson and Coots, Against, Alderman Smith and Bortell. Council adjourned 10.15.

Lumber Camp Rush Begins in The East; Demand for Labor

Ottawa, July 23.—The annual rush to the lumber camps has begun, and by August 1 lumber camps in Ottawa and district will have working in timber lands adjacent to the Du Moine, Black, Chippewa, Joke, Petawawa, Ottawa and other rivers of the Ottawa valley between 30,000 and 40,000 men.

In less than two months the demand for unskilled labor will be in excess of the supply, say local lumbermen and responsible employment agents. "In a few weeks' time there will be no occasion for a man being idle in Ottawa if he will take a job in the bush," said Phil Wright, one of the best known and most responsible employment agents in eastern Canada.

There are going to be more men—many more—employed in the bush this season than last year. The hurricane that raged through Ontario and Quebec for several days last fall tore up thousands of huge trees in the pine forest north of the Ottawa river, and the forest fire of last May did considerable damage to standing timber in the same area, so that the owners of the lands are compelled to put in several gangs of men to cut into logs the trees which were blown down and slightly damaged by fire.

COTTON INDUSTRY IN UNITED STATES

Views of Prominent Textile Men on Tariff Changes—Wages Question a Big Factor

In his opening address at the Convention of the Cotton Manufacturers of United States at Boston in April, Mr. E. F. Greene, President of the Association, dwelt on the state of trade. After referring to the tariff changes and the general depression which exists in manufacturing in United States, he spoke on the labor problem as follows:—

"One of the most serious problems which we manufacturers have to face is the labor problem. It is not merely a question of wages or hours of work. A more shortening of hours will not accomplish what the wage earners themselves really seek. It is a much larger question. As I have frequently stated, we all believe in higher wages for textile workers. The present schedule of wages should be maintained, but if the Government seeks to impose unjust and unfair burdens, labor must bear its fair share of the load.

"It is, perhaps, a sign of the times that one of the largest carpet mills in this country recently reduced the wages of all their operatives, including foremen, ten per cent. I sincerely hope that this will not prove necessary throughout the industry, but it behooves us to consider carefully whether we are in a position to compete with the English, French and German mills if any further burdens of restrictive legislation, such as shorter hours, are imposed."

While the conditions as described by Mr. Greene do not apply directly to Canada, it should perhaps be borne in mind that for nearly half a century up to two years ago the American textile industry enjoyed what we would regard in Canada as extreme high protection. Even after the reductions of the Wilson tariff went into effect it still averaged from 5 per cent. to 10 per cent. higher all along the line on various textile items than the tariff in Canada. In wages the American or Canadian mill is hopelessly outdistanced when it comes into competition with the British mill.

Several Reasons Why the Call of the City is Alluring

THE BOY AND THE FARM

To keep the boy on the farm is a problem that seems to be seriously agitating the minds of some of our agriculturists and more of our would-be agricultural advisers. Why should anyone wish to tie the boy to the farm if there is a better sphere for him? If there is not then why does the boy leave the farm? Why is it though that a large percentage of farm boys, yes and girls too, will jump into the great city maelstrom to take that one chance of a hundred of coming up from that undercurrent and making a livelihood among the middle class. There must be a reason. That reason is, to find something that is lacking on the farm. It may be one thing or another; sometimes it is a lack of social life, too often it is freedom from drudgery that is craved. But always there is some reason.

The farm boy is not hasty in his decision—he is usually given credit for being the opposite; but he generally has good reasons for his actions. If he leaves because the life of the city calls him his social life at home is too often a mere void that he has brooded over for years. If he goes to another farm to work it is usually to get away from some useless drudgery.

There is, however, one feature of this problem, if it can be called such, that has been overlooked. It is the fact that for one boy that goes directly to the city another leaves the farm to become a hired man on another farm, which goes to show that this is an individual problem for each farm. Each boy finds something lacking on his particular farm or in his community which he hopes to find on another farm or in the city.

All this has no reference to the boy who leaves the farm because the size of the family demands that some must seek livelihood elsewhere, or the boy whose natural abilities fit him for other work, but the greater number who should be eminently fitted for agricultural work and who should further develop the farm their fathers pioneered, yet who leave it just when they could begin some work to better the farm and their social conditions. —Farmers Advocate.

EDMONTON EXHIBITION AUGUST 10th-15th, 1914

Single Fare Return on All Railways \$55,000 in Purses and Premiums

WIDE CLASSIFICATION - LIBERAL PRIZES

Live Stock, Domestic Manufactures, Agricultural and Dairy Products, Womens' Work

ALL ENTRIES CLOSE JULY 27th

Prize Lists and other information may be obtained on application to W. J. Stark, Manager, Edmonton.

LEASE OWNERS

I want to purchase a few Oil Leases in Range Six and Seven. Will pay cash if price is right. Must be very low figure.

Address P.O. Box 548, Calgary, Alta.

Farm Home Competition

By The Agricultural Society

For the Best Kept Farm Home, outside of city limits and within a radius of 10 miles north and south, east and west to the boundaries of the Red Deer Constituency. Home not necessarily considered at full value

	First	Second	Third	Points
General layout from housekeeper's standpoint	\$75	\$50	\$25	35
On cleanliness, outside and inside				25
Condition of buildings and grounds				25
from woods				15
Attractiveness of situation				15
				Total 100

Entries close August 8th, 1914

—THIS YEAR THE GREATEST EVER—

The Red Deer Fair and Race Meet

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY—
AUGUST 18, 19, 20 & 21, 1914

\$13,000 IN PRIZES AND ATTRACTIONS \$13,000

Grand Agricultural Display

Magnificent Horticultural Show

Great Racing Program

Including Two Special Harness Races with \$1,000 Purses for each.

Annual Provincial Firemen's Tournament, Wed., Aug. 19

Spectacular Free Attractions

Thrilling Display of Fireworks

DAILY BAND CONCERTS

A THRILLING MIDWAY

Write the Secretary for Prize Lists and Programs

THE RED DEER AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY

W. E. LORD, President

JAMES MANN, Secretary

SPECIAL RAILWAY RATES

Concentration

It is better to advertise intensively than extensively when the sum to be devoted to advertising is small. This means the regular use of THE NEWS—52 messages a year addressed to the same constituency of readers.

Intermittent or divided efforts is not likely to be successful. One full-powered blow is better than two half-blows.

Concentration of appeal will do a work of conviction and persuasion that will surprise, you when the year's returns are totalled up.

A WORD TO THE PUBLIC

There's advice for you in this little homily to advertisers; it is reward with a full-out dividend—cost the merchant who steadfastly solicits your good-will. The more you strengthen the hands of the man who serves you, the better will be the service returned.

Shop Where You are Invited to Shop

The News

RED DEER ALBERTA

Published Every Wednesday Morning at The News Block, Gaetz Ave. South.

Subscription \$1.00 per year if paid in advance.
\$1.50 if not paid in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES ON APPLICATION.

JNO. A. GAETZ, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 29th, 1914.

THE SKATING RINK.

We are fully in accord with the Council's decision to place a money by-law before the people for the erection of a skating rink. This question has been before the people for years, and while the Council were always ready to do their part, their hands were tied owing to the restrictions of the city charter. The new charter gives them the power to build, and they would be remiss in their duty to the citizens if they did not allow them to say whether they should have a rink or not. The cry about this not being an opportune time to place such a by-law before the people is not a good one, although it is well meant. If there is one thing more needed than another in this city for the coming winter months it is a skating rink. We have for years been behind the times in providing a place of recreation and amusement for the youth of this city, and it is time something was done.

The building which it is proposed to erect will be a good substantial one, built of steel, and will only cost \$12,000.

Some time ago a by-law was submitted to purchase the ground to erect this proposed rink upon. Did the ratepayers turn it down? Not on your life. Will they turn down the by-law for the rink? Certainly not. Keep the youth of the city at home; give them all the chances of recreation they want. It will be money

well spent. Alderman Watson's recommendation that it be built with local labor is alright, providing Alderman Lord's precautionary measure of having an experienced superintendent in charge is carried out.

THE MARKET.

Citizens visiting the market cannot help but notice the improvement that has taken place, and continues to take place each week, particularly in the very clean manner that the goods are placed on view. The attendance, too, is very good each week. The cash system is a good one, and is a benefit to both sides, and would be of great advantage to the citizens and storekeepers alike if it could be carried out more generally. One prominent stallholder was mistaken on Thursday last, and is understood to have been selling on the streets during market hours. This has caused a little dissatisfaction, which will probably have to be remedied by a market by-law.

HOME RULE CRISIS.

The leading Radical papers in the Old Country made an unwarranted attack on King George for his calling of the Buckingham Palace conference. The reference to civil war was very obnoxious to them. One would think that civil war was out of the question, according to those Liberal papers. It would be far better for all concerned if they put the true facts of the case before the people. Their action, however, in blaming the King, instead of hurrying him in any way, has only further endeared him to his people, for he has once more proved to them that he is human, and has their welfare at heart. It has also awakened them to the seriousness of the position in Ireland today. Premier Asquith's frank and repeated open statement that he takes full responsibility, not only for the calling of the conference, but for the speech as well, has made these same daily papers take backward, and they now content themselves by turning their wrath upon the Premier.

CLEAN-UP AT EDMONTON.

(Edmonton Bulletin)

One does not have to be an "official ficer" or a "big-mitt Joo" to surmise that that line of business is getting slack in this part of the world just about now. The fact is made apparent by the absence of the street prowl, and the cessation of the nocturnal disturbances which a month or so ago used to break up the slumbers of the inhabitants in all parts of the city. The reason is equally apparent by the daily reports of raids and soundings by the morality squad of the police department. It is true that not all who are arrested are convicted. That is not the fault of the police. Their duty ends when the offenders are brought before the magistrate and the evidence against them submitted. Still, they have managed in five weeks to get some two hundred and fifty rogues of both sexes and of assorted colors and breeds put under penalty. What is more important, it has been established that the "wide open" condition exists no longer by the consent of the police force, and that those who wish to carry on criminal operations in the city are not only liable to interference, but certain of it.

OTTAWA'S EMPLOYEES MUST AVOID THE BAR.

Ottawa's mayor, Taylor McVeity, has forbidden employees of the city to enter barrooms either in or out of working hours. He does not announce why he is diverting the liquor business from the hotels to the retailers, nor does he explain who gave him the power to interfere with the rights of men who are free, white and twenty-one. It will be generally conceded that it is well that civic employees should keep out of bars, but a cast-iron municipal rule in the circumstances is unfair and arbitrary. Mr. McVeity has been charged with being a despot, and he is not afraid of evidence to furnish reasons for spreading the belief that the accusation is well founded.—Calgary News-Telegram.

W.C.T.U. Column

(Continued)

SPREAD OF THE TRUTH.

The light is breaking. There has been a wonderful change in medical opinion as to the medicinal or food value of alcohol in the last twenty years. Twenty years ago it was almost universally used in pneumonia, diphtheria, fevers and all debilitating diseases. Now we know that instead of being a stimulant, it is sedative instead of being a food it is poisonous, and instead of helping a patient over a danger spot, it lessens his chance of recovery.

In my judgment, the greatest medical discovery in recent times is the fact that alcohol—whether in the form of beer, wine or spirits—lessens the power of the body to defend itself against the germs of disease.

Truth makes very slowly against ignorance and prejudice, but truth always prevails, and when that truth permeates the public mind we will have a healthier, happier and more prosperous people.

Some time ago I went to a hospital and investigated the amount of alcoholic liquors given per patient, and I found that the quantity was just about one-third of that which had been given ten years ago. Recent investigations in the hospitals of old London show that there also the amount of intoxicating liquors prescribed has fallen off wonderfully. Surely the truth is spreading, and so we take courage and do our best to hasten that glad day when the poisoning of the innocents shall cease.

By the word innocents I mean the babe that is poisoned before it is born so that it is handicapped all its life with weakness of mind and body and often something worse than weakness. The young man who takes his first drink is generally in-

nocent of the wrong he is doing himself and his country. If he knew the truth, he would not touch it on any account. Then the hostess who entertains her guests with drink is generally innocent of the harm she is doing.

The great need of the people is a knowledge of the truth, and we plead that everyone who knows the truth will do what he or she can to spread it.

Norddegg Notes

The strike has been settled, a satisfactory agreement having been reached with the men.

Roberts & Schaefer have been held up the last week waiting for material and machinery, all caused by delay in freight. Materials should always be ordered a year in advance in order to reach destination on time.

Mr. Shanks has given the reading room staff a cottage, and the men will be able to get an opportunity to do late reading. Anyone wishing to learn will be taught in the evenings.

Service was held for the first time in the reading room recently. Mr. Gillespie has certainly acquired the spirit of the west. Last week he made the benches and this week is making the tables. He is the stamp of young men who succeed in the west.

Baird & McKenzie are making excellent time with the present contract. Hope they succeed in getting the next contract.

Mr. Wilton, of Red Deer, accountant for Baird & McKenzie, is spending a few days at their office here. He will return to Red Deer this week.

Mr. Shanks returned on Saturday from Red Deer bringing his family with him.

Mr. Woolley came in from Red Deer Friday evening.

The survivors of the fire are very much improved, but we can stand a little more yet.

The track lifting gang came in last night. They expect to have the track in good shape soon.

The new store, under the management of Stuart Kidd, opened to the public this week. Mr. Hamley, of Red Deer, will have charge of the dry goods department, and Mr. Moore the groceries.

The new boarding house opens this week under the management of Mr. and Mrs. Pell.

The pool hall and new butcher shop will be completed this month.

The grading of the streets is going on and will make a great improvement.

There were two serious accidents in No. 2 mine on Friday on night shift. W. Minn had a compound fracture of ankle joint, and a few minutes after Joe Thomas was brought to the hospital with a crushed chest. Both men are doing well.

Mr. Notman, Provincial Health officer, was in on Friday to see Dr. Gray.

Mr. Norddegg and Mr. Gheir came in from Red Deer on Tuesday, returning Thursday morning. They were delighted at the progress of the town.

Mr. Constable, of Raven, has ten teams working with the grading outfit on the streets.

Geo. Brewster is in Red Deer on business this week.

Mr. Skinner, of the Rocky Mountain House Guide, was in town on Tuesday and Wednesday, the guest of Hec. Stevens at the timber camp.

Preparations are being made for a big demonstration on Labor Day. Secretary Morris, of the Local Union, is a live wire in the matter. Committees are being formed. This being the first demonstration in our town, it should be a great success.

Mr. Norman, the Diamond drill contractor, has moved his family over to the boring outfit.

J. K. Lawrence returned to Norddegg on Thursday's train with a carload of dairy cattle for the new dairy company across Mire Creek. The town will now have a good supply of fresh milk.

Plans are now ready for the new school and church to be ready for September.

Mr. and Mrs. Frost returned from Leslieville on Thursday evening.

Mr. Wall has laid out a fine athletic field, and a gang of men are busy clearing it, so the boys will be able to have plenty of sport in their spare hours. We have plenty of material that ought to be developed.

HILLCREST DISASTER.

Hillcrest, Alta., July 24.—The verdict of the concluded inquest on the victims in the Hillcrest mine disaster was that death was occasioned by an explosion caused by gas and dust. The jury added a rider that they believed the company had infringed the mining act. They further suggested that the government should enforce a monthly inspection of all men working in mines to see that no matches were carried; further, that a sufficient number of life-saving apparatus be kept at each mine as far as possible.

INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENTS.

Ottawa, July 23.—The number of people affected by industrial accidents during June was 503. Of this number 299 were killed, and 204 seriously injured. Owing to the Hillcrest disaster the mining industry heads the list with 200 killed and 27 injured.

COMING WEST.

Toronto, Ont., July 21.—Seven hundred homeseekers left the Union station tonight. The party is made up of men, women and children from towns in Ontario, who are going west seeking new homes.

ECKVILLE.

The baseball game between Leslieville and Eckville, played last Friday, resulted in a win for Eckville, score 8 to 5. The home team played a good game and had the best of the visitors from the start. Although this was so, the last game of the season for Eckville, it is likely that, at the request of Leslieville, they will arrange to play on the Leslieville ground on Saturday next, August 1st.

Birth.—To Mr. and Mrs. W. Schumacher, a daughter, born July 25th.

A petition praying the Government to compel the C.N.R. to take over and operate their Brazeau branch is open for signers at all the towns along the route between Blackfalds and Rocky Mountain House. If you are interested, and all are, you should sign this petition.

Jack Kult has sold his farm west of here, and will be moving shortly. We are sorry to lose a good neighbor.

By mistake the lodge night of the Modern Woodmen of America, Eckville camp, was given in last week's Eckville news as the second and fourth Tuesdays in the month. It should read the second and fourth Wednesdays.

Austro-Servian Embroglio May Result in Germany And Russia Being at Each Other's Throats

Vienne, July 25.—A despatch from Belgrade to the Neue Presse says Serbia has decided to accept the Austrian demands under protest.

Paris, July 25.—That Austria's ultimatum to Serbia has caused the gravest situation in which Europe has found itself for a long time is the general comment of the newspapers this morning. The opinion is expressed that whether there will be a conflict depends almost entirely upon the attitude of Germany and Russia.

Servia, says the Council, will not allow itself to be strangled without appealing to Europe, but it adds that it regards the quarrel such as can only be regulated by cannon. Austria and Germany, according to the newspapers, are simply taking the assassination of Archduke Francis Ferdinand as a pretext to a design more grave and vast. It concerns the recognition by the nations of Europe of the superiority of the triple alliance.

Other newspapers take the view that while the situation is grave, it is not so desperate that it cannot be regulated.

Linoleum

For one week we will offer our entire stock of Scotch Linoleums at greatly reduced prices.

8-4 Scotch Linoleums in Block Floral patterns for one week 1.10

Japanese Straw Mats

Reg. 1.20 Now 1.00

Japanese Straw Mats

Reg. 60c Now 50c

Children's Dresses, less 1-3 off reg. price.

Boys' Wash Suits and Blouses, for one week only at 1-3 off reg. prices.

T. A. GAETZ

ROSS ST. RED DEER

THE FIRST RETAIL MERCHANT'S EXCURSION

will be run over the Alberta Central Railway to

SYLVAN LAKE, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 12TH, 1914

at 1 p.m. Cheap Return Fares Announced Later. Get in and have a good time, Sports, etc. are being arranged.

T. A. GAETZ, President

H. J. SNELL, Secretary

"IT PAYS TO PAY CASH"

Summer Oxfords Must Walk Out

GREAT REDUCTIONS ON THESE LINES

Ladies, here is the chance you have been waiting for. Three large tables full to overflowing with stylish Summer Oxfords. Glance over the following assortment, then

HURRY AND GET YOUR SIZE BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE.

29 Pairs in Lot, Choice \$2.90



This assortment consists of Empress \$3.50 and \$4.00 Oxfords, in patent leather, lace and button, vici kid in button, chocolate kid blucher; all this summer lasts.

Sizes 2-2½, 5-3, 5-3½, 7-4, 4-4½, 3-5, 2-5½, 1-6.

\$3.35 Instead of 4.50 & 5.00

High Grade Oxfords on new stylish lasts, all Smarkon and Empress makes, and all Goodyear welted soles, gun metal, with or without cloth tops in button style, patent leather, cloth top, button, or dull mat. kid top, lace. All sizes in this range from 2½ to 6.

Values to \$4.50 for \$1.95



Including Pumps and Oxfords, but mostly all small sizes and broken range of sizes. Tan calf pumps with tailored bows; kid or tan blucher oxfords.

Sizes 4-2½, 3-3, 5-3½, 3-4, 1-5

A Tableful at \$2.30

Consisting of chocolate and tan, button; vici kid blucher oxfords, and gun metal Colonial, America's Beauty make. All sizes but fives.

Opening of Pictorial Review Patterns

So many requests have been received during the past from the patrons of our store for

Pictorial Review Patterns



that, after thorough investigation of their merits, we have decided to sell Pictorial Review Patterns from now on in our establishment.

The new "Russian Tunic" Skirt and the new "Paquin" Skirt for Foulard and Embroidery Dresses are the latest word from Paris.

August Patterns are on sale now, also, the Summer Fashion Book of Pictorial Review Patterns.

We recommend to all women who are not yet acquainted with the superior merits of these patterns to try one. JUST ONE. It will convince them that Pictorial Review Patterns fully deserve the reputation they are enjoying all over the country.

PEABODYS' UNION MADE OVERALLS JACKETS



Another large shipment of this popular make in Overalls and Smocks.

Men's, with bibs - \$1.35
" without bibs - 1.25
" Smocks - 1.35
Boys' in black and blue - .80

Ladies' Bathing Suits - Reg. \$2.75, Sale \$2.20
Slightly counter soiled Whitewear,
Your Choice at ONE-HALF
Corsets---A few values up to \$4.50, Sale price .95

Men's Dress Boots



\$2.95

Table full of tan calf, velour, patent and gun metal; balance of stock of Astorias Choice \$2.95

Men's Straw Hats and Panamas Reduced



If your hat is getting a little shaky, here is an opportunity as most of the straw hat weather is yet to come.

Reg. \$1.75 Sailor Hats, this season's newest, SALE PRICE, \$1.00

Reg. \$2.00, wider brim than above, but much better quality. SALE PRICE, \$1.35

Choice of any Panama in stock, and remember they are all 1914 blocks. Regular 5.00, 6.50 and 7.50. ALL ONE PRICE, \$3.50

MILLINERY CLEARING

Your Choice of all TRIMMED HATS

No two alike, and every one up-to-date. Values up to \$15.00 for

\$2.50

THE W. E. LORD CO. LTD.

SCHOOL ATTENDANCE IN THE DOMINION

Interesting Figures Showing How Young Canada is Being Educated From Kindergarten to University

The school attendance of the population of the Dominion, between the ages of five and twenty-four years, is given in a Bulletin issued by Census and Statistics Office. The statistics are based on information collected by the enumerators for the year prior to the taking of the last census, and show that the total number of persons between the ages of six and twenty at that date, was 2,141,909, of whom 1,801,779, or 84.12 per cent., were Canadian-born; 6.65 were British and 9.23 per cent. foreign born. Of this number, only 44.82 per cent. attended school for more than six months in the year, and only 62.51 per cent. attended school for any length of time.

These figures do not seem very creditable or very promising at first sight, but further examination partially accounts for the low percentage of school attendance. Between the ages of children at the age of five, which many people think is too young for beginning school unless a kindergarten is available, and of boys and girls over fifteen, when the public school course is in its most complete stage. The largest attendance is between the ages of seven and fourteen, at which period 921,454 children, or 79.93 per cent., attended school, and of these only 69.58 per cent. attended for more than six months in the year.

The proportions of boys and girls attending school in Canada are fairly equal at most age periods, the girls being in the majority between the ages of fifteen and twenty, thus indicating that more girls than boys go on to High Schools. Between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-four, the figures are 4,073 males and 1,749 females. Probably this is due to the fact that more young men enter college for the professions; also in some cases young men who have had their own way to make in the world manage to go to school for a part of the year to obtain a belated education. One notices that the proportions of boys and girls attending school are more nearly equal in the Canadian-born population than in the foreign-born. In the latter, the boys are in excess except at the five-year age period.

Viewing the figures in the negative, the statistics show that of the total number of children between seven and fourteen, the Province of Ontario had 157 children of every 1,000 who were not attending school; Quebec had 190 per 1,000, New Brunswick 200, Nova Scotia 171, and Prince Edward Island 154, whose education had apparently been neglected in the year the census was taken. The numbers not reported as attending school were proportionately larger in the Western Provinces, but this does not by any means indicate that opportunities for education are not valued in those provinces. On the contrary, as schools are opened up every week in the year. But the circumstances of settlement in a new country, particularly when settlers have to take up homesteads in remote districts, make it impossible sometimes to send the children to school at least for some years until more settlers come in.

As might be expected, the attendance was proportionately larger in the cities and towns than in the country districts. The children of immigrants from foreign countries show the smallest percentage attending school, only 48.19 per cent. for over six months in the year.

THE CIGARETTE CURE

Solution of Nitrate of Silver Kills the Craving For Tobacco

Thousands of boys have been cured of the cigarette habit by having a little nitrate of silver rubbed upon their tonsils. It has been discovered that a solution of one-half of one per cent. of this drug has the strange quality of abating the appetite for tobacco. Usually a fortnight's treatment will effect a cure. For the first week the mouth is rinsed out after each meal; in the second week one application a day is sufficient. As nitrate of silver is poison, care must be taken to avoid swallowing any of it, although the risk from such a weak solution is not very great. A doctor who has had considerable experience says that if a small piece of gentian is chewed when there is a strong desire for a smoke the craving will be abated.

Suddenly his attention was called to a noisy tumult in the next room. Two persons had entered it. They seemed to be strangers on their way to the city after a long western trip. Paul could not help but hear what they said. As he held his mind became intent.

"We'll wait till we get to the city before we write up our report?" asked one of them.

"Yes," came the definite reply. "There are so many notes and memoranda to look over, it will take time and a quiet place. I say, there will be some scrambling when the government issues the wheat crop bulletin."

"I should say so," came the answer. "Why, in the two states alone that I covered the wheat yield is twenty per cent. short."

"I have the data for three states," remarked the other. "It shows up, with blight and rust, nearer thirty per cent."

"Prices will go up," said the first.

"You talk that nonsense," said the other. "And then the two men went over a lot of details immensely interesting to the listener. Paul realized that he was listening to the wheat crop report that were of immense value. He was not an intentional eavesdropper, but he could not escape receiving the valuable information."

With daylight he was out on the streets. He took the first train for Marshall. He recalled a shrewd, sharp trader living there who seemed just the man to impress with the important knowledge he had acquired.

Before noon this man, John Lane, was in his confidence and a sort of provisional co-partnership was cemented. Mr. Lane was to furnish the capital. Paul was to engineer the scheme. It was inevitable in their opinion that wheat would make a tremendous jump in the markets of

PAUL'S BIG DEAL

Wins Fortune and a Bride Through Well Timed Speculation in Grain.

By GEORGE ELMER COBB.

"Get out and stay out!" yelled old Peter Griscum, irate and aggressive. "And never come back again!" he yelled additionally after his manager that had been, but was never to be again.

Paul Burton took it all quietly and without remark. It was a rude dismissal, but he was used to the old fellow's furious ways.

"I am sorry, Mr. Griscum," he said simply. "Certainly, however, I have not exceeded my instructions."

"Exceed!" shouted Griscum. "Why, you've acted like an idiot. Here I have been on the verge of vacation of my life for two weeks. I come back to find that during my absence, for the first time in six years, wheat jumps up to 80. You know that I had forty thousand bushels in the elevator, bought at 63. Think of it! Sixty-eight hundred dollars profit! And you sat by like a stoutest bottle, and let the golden chance of a lifetime go by. Here wheat has dropped to 65, and may go lower. Oh, I'd like to fight somebody!"

"You let no orders to sell, sir," reminded Paul.

"I won't talk about it. Get out. Stay out!" and old Griscum slammed the door of his office, and Mr. Burton went his way.

"If I wasn't for Edna," said the young man to himself, "this would be almost amusing."

Yes, Edna was an element to consider. She had been away with her father on his vacation, and more than once Paul's heart had hungered for a sight of her bonny face. Now a fare up had come. He was "dread"—as he called it—of the girl he had secretly loved was a thousand miles away from him, so far as any hopes of winning her were concerned.

Paul Burton, grain clerk in a Chicago board of trade house, had come to

Easton early in the spring, ordered by his physician to get employment where the air was pure and sylvan life a boon. He had just fitted in as bookkeeper for the small country elevator business of Peter Griscum.

When the big price bulge came he was aware that the chance to make a small fortune was at hand, but he dared not act on his own initiative.

Paul hung around Easton the rest of the day, hoping for a sight of Edna. The next morning he went to another village. By the end of the week he had made a circuit of all the county towns, but had not found employment.

"The reserve cash is getting decidedly low," he said, as he went to his room at a little village hotel one night. "Well, I've got my old rugged health back, anyhow. I suppose I'll humdrum of the city again. After Easton! And after Edna! Ah, me!"

Thought of the ideal to whom he had never told his love kept Paul wakeful. He found he could not sleep, and got up and sat by the open window, watching the moon and continuing to think of the sweet, innocent face that it seemed he could never forget.

Suddenly his attention was called to a noisy tumult in the next room. Two persons had entered it. They seemed to be strangers on their way to the city after a long western trip. Paul could not help but hear what they said. As he held his mind became intent.

"We'll wait till we get to the city before we write up our report?" asked one of them.

"Yes," came the definite reply. "There are so many notes and memoranda to look over, it will take time and a quiet place. I say, there will be some scrambling when the government issues the wheat crop bulletin."

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Before noon this man, John Lane, was in his confidence and a sort of provisional co-partnership was cemented. Mr. Lane was to furnish the capital. Paul was to engineer the scheme. It was inevitable in their opinion that wheat would make a tremendous jump in the markets of

the world when the shortage report was made public.

It now became the mission of Paul to buy up all the grain he could. A great many, discerning this, held on for good prices, and the quotation rose in the district.

One day Paul went to Easton. He boldly faced the lion in his den. In a business-like, matter-of-fact way he intruded on Mr. Griscum.

"I have come to buy your wheat," he announced. "It is for sale."

"How much?" inquired the old man, ungraciously and suspiciously.

"Because you fancy my being a 'stoutest bottle' lost you a big profit," observed Paul, "I will offer you 80 cents."

"What!" shouted Griscum incredulously.

"I mean it," nodded Paul, planning to make the trade his own personally. "As it is, I advise you to hold on to your wheat. It will go still higher."

This old Griscum would not believe, but he was so delighted at his bargain that he actually invited Paul to dinner. That meant a sight of pretty Edna. When Paul left Easton that night he felt happy. He had regained old Griscum's good will and Edna had been more than friendly.

A happier man still, however, was Paul a month later. The government report came out, sending prices kiting. Paul and his partner were prepared to take advantage of the widest grain market known for years. Dollar wheat electrified the farming world, and Burton and Lane sold at top notch prices and made a fortune.

The papers were full of the successful coup of the enterprising partners. Dropping of the train at Easton one day, Paul met with a most gracious reception from old Griscum.

"Well," said the latter, "I wish I had held on to that wheat."

"You got a pretty good price for it, as it was," reminded Paul.

"That's so," agreed Griscum. "See here, Mr. Burton, I was rather hasty when I let you go. I suppose you are too well fixed now to think of coming back?"

Paul thought of Edna, and silently missed.

"As a partner, of course," explained Griscum.

"Well, Mr. Griscum," replied Paul slowly, "I was thinking of taking a partner—if I could get her."

"Her?" repeated Griscum, picking up his cane.

"Yes, a young lady—a life partner. As a plain man asking a plain question, Mr. Griscum, can I have your permission to pay my addresses to Miss Edna?"

"That would bring us together in business, too," said old Griscum thoughtfully. "I certainly consider you a remarkably bright young man, Mr. Burton."

"I wonder if Edna thinks so, too," Paul questioned himself.

He asked her that same evening. The result was a double partnership—one of business, and the other of love. (Copyright, 1913, by W. G. Chapman.)

RACE OF PYGMIES INTEREST

In People Recently Discovered in Papua, Scientists See a Connection With the Stone Age.

In a race of pygmies recently discovered in Papua, scientists see another connecting link between the average savage races of today and primitive man of the stone age. The pygmy is the name given to this pygmy race. The men are extremely small, but well molded, strong and active.

In contrast to the Papuans, they have stocky, well-made calves instead of the thin, straight legs of their neighbors.

Unlike most savages, they do not practice tattooing or scarification. Their needs for comfort are few. Each man may carry all his portable property in a sort of haversack, which is slung over his shoulder. This contains his sleeping mat, stick, rattle, for kindling a flame, tobacco and other odds and ends.

They are remarkably skilful in hewing rough but absolutely balanced canoes from the heavy trunks of trees. The craft are beautifully carved and are propelled by paddles with long shafts and wide blades. Skilful as they are in the making of canoes, their only implements are stone axes and bone knives.

In disposing of their dead they wrap the body in mats and place it in a rude coffin usually constructed of broken canoes. The coffin is raised on a sort of trestle and left until decomposition is complete. The skulls of the dead are kept by their relatives and friends and in a short time become worn smooth from handling.

THE FLAX INDUSTRY

Enormous Hidden Asset—Efforts Made to Secure Bounty For Canadian Flax

While the Government did not decide to grant a bounty to the flax industry at the present session, it has been inferred in certain quarters, from the tone of the Finance Minister's remarks on the question, that there is some probability that the Government will come to the assistance of this industry in the near future.

Hon. Mr. White, Minister of Finance, said in part: "There has been placed before us recently the question of the development in Canada of flax production. I think that the development of the industry of flax fibre production would be of great advantage to certain parts of Canada."

It is our intention to look fully into the matter and see whether... a reasonable bounty would have the effect of contributing to its institution and development."

The West can demand bounties for the flax industry with some reason seeing that they have paid their share of the bounties on pig iron, steel, etc., for many years. No one in Eastern Canada would oppose a bounty on anything that would help build up a big industry in Western Canada.

LOYAL FRIEND BOB

Scheme to Separate Lovers De-
feated by a Wild Flight in
an Airship.

By MILDRED CAROLINE GOOD-
RIDGE.

A young man, well dressed and clever faced, coming rapidly down the principal street of Fairview, suddenly paused and stared ahead in a startled way. He had apparently observed some one he did not wish to meet, and he turned down a side lane at a brisk, excited walk.

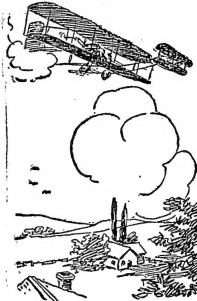
"It's the constable, sure enough," he said under his breath, "and I feel pretty sure he must be looking for me." The speaker glanced apprehensively back the way he had come, and then broke into a run.

It was a singular position, that in which Cecil Morse found himself. Briefly stated, he was bent upon running away to get married. Others, including his legal guardian, Lawyer Grabbe, and his old maid daughter, Portia, and their hired emissary, the town constable, were set on nipping the golden progress of love's young dream in the bud.

Cecil was heir to a liberal fortune. He lived with the Grabbe family. The lawyer was intent on keeping a hold on his ward and his fortune as long as he could. Incidentally he plotted to enmesh the young man in the snares of the somewhat faded beauty of the classic Portia.

Now, Cecil had loved and won Claire Wyndham, who lived over in the next county. Her father was a tyrannical old fellow who had heard of the mutual attachment, thundered out that the lovers were too young to think of wedding bells, and had set his foot down—hard.

The result was a plot on the part of the lovers. The Wyndhams were going to take Claire to Europe the following week. In the meantime she had gained permission to visit a schoolgirl chum at Brookville. There Cecil had been the day previous. There, too, all the arrangements had been made for an elopement the next



Sent His Machine Through Some Hair-Raising Gyration.

evening. Just now, Cecil had gone to a garage to secure the automobile he had engaged for the trip.

The auto man was his friend. He told Cecil that the constable had been there looking for him. The lawyer had got wind of Cecil's plan to leave town, and was bound to circumvent it.

"I'm your man, Cecil," said the garage keeper, "I won't warn you. They have the west turnpike guarded. The constable is looking for you with a warrant."

"But I have committed no crime!" exploded the indignant young man. "No, but the lawyer has secured the warrant on some flimsy charge. The judge is his friend. They will look you up without bail for a week, and by that time—"

"Claire will be on her way to Europe—never!" declared Cecil to himself, and left the garage—to take flight at his first sight of the constable, who was now in actual pursuit of him.

Cecil was a crack sprinter. His one thought was to get out of town. He would trust to luck for guidance, once clear of his pursuer. Turning into an open stretch he discovered half a mile away a high board fence.

"The very thing!" he cried exultingly. "If my friend Bob Archer, is only on hand."

There had been an aeroplane meet at Fairview for several days. Inside the enclosure was Archer, who was an airship enthusiast. He and Cecil had become great friends. The runner shot a rapid glance behind him. Less than a quarter of a mile away the constable was hot on his trail.

Cecil followed the rounding fence until he came to a narrow open doorway. It was a private entrance to the grounds. The guard sat on a stool midway in the aperture, his back towards him. Cecil could not afford to lose time in an endeavor to persuade this sentinel to allow him ingress. He simply ran up against the man, tipped him flat off the stool, and sped on, followed by the execrations of his astounded victim.

"There is the flyer," cheered Cecil, promptly making for a hangar beyond which a three-passenger biplane was getting ready for a flight. He recognized the machine belonging to Bob, and its owner near by. All out of breath, Cecil ran up to his friend.

"Bob," he panted, "I'm in trouble! Got to get away from Fairview."

"You don't say so!" exclaimed Archer. "Where to, may I ask?"

"Brookville, and quick. The constable is after me. Bob, it's about what I hinted to you—the first I love. They are trying to separate us."

"Jump in—the left seat back of the pilot post," directed the young airman. "Strap yourself in. Give her a run, boys," he directed to his assistants.

Chug—chug!—the aerial beauty reared over the grass for thirty feet. Bob shot on the power.

"Hold on, there! Stop that machine! In the name of the law—"

"The mischief!" gasped Cecil.

"They were saving the pursuit, but not alone. Through his official authority to enter the grounds the constable had fairly overtaken his prey. He had jumped on the machine and skinned one of the wings. To prevent damage and save him from a fall, Bob was forced to grab the bulky official and drag him into the vacant seat."

"Stop this machine!" flared the constable. "I've got a warrant—"

"Can't stop—got to finish this curve first. Here, Cecil, strap him in, if he doesn't want a tip."

"Right!" shouted the official, turning pale as the biplane shot skywards like an arrow.

"Slip on that helmet," continued Bob, with a wink at Cecil. "Now then, the buffers, and the non-concussive head piece."

"See here—I don't—I won't!" puffed out the constable, an accused, strapped in his seat, the steel and leather head pieces were forced upon him till he was well high suffocate and looked like a diver.

"Murder! let me out!" sudden, yelled the involuntary passenger, but he squirmed in vain. He had forgotten all official dignity by this time. Half frightened to death, as the machine flew, Bob sent the flyer on a circling sweep that fairly took the breath away. His uncomfortable victim nearly fainted.

"Oh, let me out—let me out!" pleaded the shivering official.

Bob did not exactly engage in an "shoot-the-clubs" maneuver, but he did send his machine through some decidedly hair-raising gyrations. Meantime, Cecil enjoyed it all. He trusted to Bob, and this loyal friend and expert aviator certainly took his through.

Once, in the spectacular flight, he leaned towards Cecil and received detailed instructions. There he planned, made a circuit, and the flyer landed in an open field near Brookville, easy and graceful as a bird alighting to its nest.

Cecil quickly removed his safety belt and sprang to the ground.

"Hold the machine!" he called to the constable. "I've got a warrant for the young man."

"No good in this district, officer," smiled Bob. "We've landed just over the county line."

Cecil Morse disappeared. He was to reappear at the Wyndham home two days later. The happy wedding pair had sent a honeymoon wire to Papa Wyndham, pathetically telling him sorry, but still how happy they were. The reply telegram had conveyed to them the time-honored sentiment: "Come home, and all will be forgiven."

(Copyright, 1912, by W. G. Chapman.)

AS TO TRAIN FLIRTATIONS

Drummer Gave Fatherly Advice to a Talkative Young Woman, and Was Rewarded.

"Fifteen years on the road and not a flirtation yet, is my record," said the needle and thread drummer. "The only time a beauty ever spoke to me on the train was down in West Virginia on the way to Wheeling."

"Do you know what time we get there?" she inquired.

"Six-thirty," I told her. "You know," she continued, "I was never on a train before. It seems so strange to me!"

"To make a long story short, she was the kind you read about in books but seldom meet in real life—the real innocent flower. When we got to Wheeling I put her on the car for Pittsburgh, her destination, and gave her some fatherly advice about speaking to strangers."

"About three months later I was unpacking the sample trunk after the long trip when the stock boy said there was some one down stairs to see me. There stood the girl and her father, who was a judge down in his own state."

"I wish to thank you, sir, for your kindness to my daughter while traveling," he said warmly.

"I assured him it was nothing unusual, but he thought otherwise and insisted on my taking dinner with him that evening."

"And since then you have wondered who she was?" put in the button man.

"No," said the needle and thread drummer. "She's my wife now."

Cause for Turkey Shortage.

Every one of the boarders was tussling with the question: "Why are turkeys scarce and high this season?"

At length the star boarder came forward with this solution: "You see, the turkeys are very fond of apple orchards. This was a good year for apples. While the fowls were out scratching in the apple orchard, the numerous apples falling from the trees hit the turkeys on the heads, killing them. Hence the present scarcity."

A long silence followed this information. Then the cheerful idiot remarked mildly: "I had attributed the turkey shortage to fatalities from over exercise in the turkey trot."

Hartford Times.

H. J. WALTERS

President of the Kansas State Agricultural School, who will study the agricultural possibilities of the Philippines. He has special instructions to devise some plan to take the native women from the fields and make the men do the farm work.

SYLVAN LAKE, THE BEAUTIFUL

Sylvan Lake, the beautiful, is certainly worth that title at the present time. Red Deer citizens have long considered it to be the best pleasure resort in Alberta, and outsiders who have had a chance of spending a time there are also of this opinion. The drive from Red Deer is not a long or wearisome one, and is very pretty, the rolling country adding to its charm. The view of the lake before turning south is a very inspiring one. Consequently, visitors, although not numerous, have come from all parts of the Dominion, and after having seen the lake have gone away satisfied that some day it would develop into one of the leading pleasure resorts in Alberta. This will eventually turn out to be true, and at no distant date, either. The Sylvan Lake people have felt that the only thing needed to bring success to their village was railway facilities. That wish, after years of waiting, is on the eve of being fulfilled, for it is a practical certainty that the C. P. R. will take over the A.C.R. the end of this month, and the first week in August will find them running trains over the line. The Retail Merchants' Association have practically all arrangements made for running an excursion to the lake, only waiting for the date which will most likely be Wednesday, August 5th. The village has made great improvements lately, particularly in the laying of sidewalks, making it very convenient to get about, but there is much more work to do yet. The road for the last mile into the village is in a very poor state and should be fixed at once. Something should be done also to entertain visitors. The first idea is to get, then, the scenery and to keep them when you have them, and to do that it is necessary to have more than a little waiting and fishing. Ladies from Calgary have felt the want of a small from resident ladies. The want of a ground for tennis is also being felt. An evening concert by the side of the water, or in one of the halls, would help considerably, or a sing song round a camp fire. We hear no talk of a hotel. Why? The children will get acquainted in ten minutes and amuse themselves in their own way, but the grown-up people will be catered to. At the present time there are crowds at the lake, including the Y.M.C.A. from Calgary and the Red Deer Boy Scouts. They will stay and keep them there, and next year they will return with friends. To get a real good view of the lake take a walk along the A.C.R. It will be well worth your while.

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This Mule Chews Tobacco

Maurae, N.C., July 18.—Dick Sikes has a mule that chews tobacco. The man who swapped him to Sikes said that he and that mule had made many crops and chewed many a plug. To prove it, the mule was given a half plug and he proceeded to chew it just like a man, the only difference being that the mule swallowed his "ammunition."

Alberta Fairs, 1914

Charolais—July 23-24.

Granum—July 28-29.

Gleichen—July 30-31.

Macleod—Aug. 4-5-6.

Stavely—Aug. 7.

Carmanagay—Aug. 11-12.

Langdon—Aug. 13.

Dayland—Aug. 14-15.

Sedgewick—Aug. 16.

Edmonton—Aug. 19-20.

Camrose—Aug. 21-22.

Vergeriville—Aug. 23-24.

Laombe—Aug. 25-26-27.

Stetaskiw—Aug. 28-29.

Wetaskiw—Aug. 30-31.

North Alberta—Collins—Sept. 2.

Hardisty—Sept. 3.

Stathmore—Sept. 4.

Cochrane—Sept. 8-9.

Olds—Sept. 10-11.

Leduc—Sept. 13.

St. Albert—Sept. 16.

Edmonton—Sept. 17-18.

Three Hills—Sept. 22-23.

Hays (Louisiana)—Sept. 24-25.

Alex—Sept. 29.

Edmonton—Sept. 30.

Irvine—Oct. 1.

Pridgett and Millerville—Oct. 3.

Gadsby—Oct. 6.

Ponoka—Oct. 7-8.

Provost—Oct. 8.

Munson—Aug. 13.

Chinook—Aug. 14.

Red Deer—Aug. 18-19-20-21.

Medicine Hat—Aug. 25-26-27.

Didsbury—Aug. 27-28.

Trochu—Sept. 1-2.

Raymond—Aug. 24-25-26.

Deseret (Manitoba)—Aug. 28-29.

Cardston—Sept. 1-2.

Mid-Pembina—Sept. 4.

Falls and Roxboro—Sept. 8.

Broxy—Sept. 9.

Nakomum—Sept. 11.

Edson—Sept. 15-16.

Ennville—Sept. 17.

Strome-Kilum—Sept. 11.

Castor—Sept. 15-16.

Consort—Sept. 17.

Coronation—Sept. 22-23.

Stettin—Sept. 24-25.

Millerton—Sept. 29.

Port Saskatchewan—Sept. 8.

Tofield—Sept. 10-11.

Manville—Sept. 25.

Kitcoy—Sept. 29.

Grassy Lake—Oct. 6-7.

Wainwright—Sept. 15-16.

Irma—Sept. 17.

Viking—Sept. 18.

Vermillion—Sept. 23-24.

Holmes—Sept. 22.

Indreese—Sept. 30, Oct. 1.

Lloydminster—Oct. 2.

Tabor—Sept. 24-25.

Winnifred—Sept. 29-30.

Warner—Oct. 1-2.

Midsummer Exposition

at

McLean Bros.

It is a good time for you to visit the store and see the Bargains scattered all through the various departments. We have odds and ends of seasonable goods to clear out, and we put a price on them to do it quickly.

IT HAS PAID THOSE WHO ANSWER
OUR AD'S. IT WILL PAY YOU!!!

It is an investment to take advantage of some of our Bargains.

PILLOW SLIPS, 25c.

Good Cambric, sizes 40, 42 and 44 ins.
Reg. 40c. For 25c. pair

MEN'S SHIRTS, 50c.

Negligee Shirts, good patterns but sizes are broken. We will clear out the balance at 50c.
They are priced regularly at 1.25

MEN'S ODD TROUSERS

We have some broken lines to clear out to make room for the fall goods coming in and, as an inducement, we have reduced the prices.

Reg. \$7.50 to \$5.50
" 6.50 " 4.95
" 6.00 " 4.75
" 5.50 " 4.25
" 5.00 " 3.95

These are first-class goods and well worth the regular price.

MEN'S WORK TROUSERS

2.00 to 3.50

Good heavy Tweed—the kind that wears—at 2.00, 3.00 & 3.50.

MEN'S SHIRTS, 95c.

Flannel Outing Shirts, with detachable collars. Natty patterns and good colorings. Reg. 1.50 for 95c.

MEN'S HATS, 19c.

Mexican Reed Hats, strong for every day wear. Reg. 50c. for 19c.

MEN'S CAPS, 50c.

Odd lines to clear. All desirable goods, in Tweeds and Worsteads; various colors. Reg. 75c. to 1.50.
This Week, 50c.

MEN'S OXFORDS, LADIES' OXFORDS and PUMPS, \$2.50

We had a tremendous flurry in these lines since our last ad appeared, and have decided to clear out the balance at the same price, viz., \$2.50.

These lines are still fairly well assorted in sizes, and include Tans, Gun metals and Patent Leather, laced and buttoned. Reg. 4.00 & 5.00.
This Week for 2.50

CHILDREN'S SHOES \$1.50

A limited number of pairs remaining; sizes 7 to 2. Reg. 2.25 & 2.50.
For 1.50

LADIES' SHOES, \$2.25

A few pairs of Patent Colt to clear out buttoned or laced. Reg. 4.50 for 2.25
If you are thinking of Patent Shoes, this is your chance to buy cheaply.

MILLINERY

This will be the final offer for the balance of Ladies' Hats. We want to clear them out, and will make a price that will do it.

These hats are good style, and well trimmed, and are worth from 4.00 to 7.00. The price this week will be

\$1.25

FLOWERS

The balance of flowers to clear out at a price. These are fine for trimming up a partially worn hat.
The reg. price was 50c. to 2.00 and we will clear them at

10c. bunch

MEN'S BRACES, 16c. & 19c.

A splendid light brace; roll back; light colorings. Reg. 35c. for 19c.
Another line of Work Braces; heavy and serviceable. Reg. 25c. for 16c.

MEN'S PYJAMAS, 98c.

Flannelette and Cotton, well made, in pretty stripes. Reg. 1.25 to 2.75 for 98c.

MEN'S ARM BANDS, 10c.

Good elastic Webb, in Black, Blue, Brown and Green. Reg. 15c. to 25c., for 10c.

FRIDAY ONLY, SPECIALS

Tango Beads

The newest style of these popular beads, in various colors
Reg. 75c., 1.00 and 1.25,

Friday Only, 50c.

Corset Covers

Good Cambric; lace trimmed. Reg. 25c.,

Friday, 15c.

IMPERIAL BANK of CANADA

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO

Capital authorized \$10,000,000
 Capital paid up 2,000,000
 Reserve Fund 7,000,000
 Total Assets over 78,000,000

This Bank with branches throughout the Dominion of Canada, and agents and correspondents throughout the world, offers excellent facilities for the transaction of every description of banking business.

Title Deeds, Mortgages, etc., held for safe keeping.

Savings Bank Department—Deposits of \$1 and upwards received and interest allowed from date of deposit.

Red Deer Branch E. J. CASE, Manager

RED DEER IRON WORKS.

Morrison Street, - Telephone 169.

haft turning, Wheelbarrow and Pipes screw cut to any size and number of threads by machinery. The works are fitted throughout by most modern new machinery driven by Electric Motor.

J. W. BROUGHTON,

Engineer, Millwright, Machinist

The Mechanical Garage Company

2nd STREET, S. E.

Service Guaranteed. Auto Supplies in Stock. Tire Vulcanizing. We do repairs on all makes of Autos and Farm Gasoline Engines.

GASOLINE FOR SALE

Agents for Kissel Kar, Chandler "Six", and Hupmobile Cars

You Can Get Quantity Anywhere!

BUT IF YOU WANT

QUALITY

YOU MUST COME TO US!

PURE PASTEURIZED MILK AND CREAM,
 FRESH BUTTER

at the —

RED DEER CREAMERY, PHONE 67

P. E. KENT & Co'y,

Don't let your little
 room look forsaken

We can paper it for

\$4.50

or higher if you want it

ALL WORK GUARANTEED

Painters, Decorators and Carriage Painters
 P. O. BOX 314 NORTH RED DEER

MOTHERS

Give your Children

Hamilton's All Cream
 Ice Cream

IT IS PURE

Hamilton's Bakery

Phone 15

Gaetz Avenue N.

HIS HEALTH IN A TERRIBLE STATE

"Fruit-a-lives" Healed His Kidneys and Cured Him

HAGHERVILLE, ONT., Aug. 26th, 1913.
 "About two years ago, I found my health in a very bad state. My kidneys were not doing their work, and I was all run down in condition. I felt the need of some good remedy, and having seen 'Fruit-a-lives' advertised, I decided to try them. Their effect, I found more than satisfactory.

Their action was mild and the result all that could be expected.

My Kidneys resumed their normal action after I had taken upwards of a dozen boxes, and I regained my old-time vitality. Today I am enjoying the best health I have ever had."

B. A. KELLY
 "Fruit-a-lives" is the greatest Kidney remedy in the world. It acts on the bowels and skin as well as on the kidneys, and thereby soothes and cures any Kidney troubles.

"Fruit-a-lives" is sold by all dealers at 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c, or will be sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

(Continued from Page 2)

Yet she knew that he would be true to his belief and she felt that she would not be false to her obligation. What of that? There would be some way. Perhaps somebody else knew, and then there flashed into her mind the writer of the letters. Who was he? Was he yet alive? Had he any part to play in this strange tragedy aside from that he had already assayed?

Sometimes an answer to a secret query is made manifest. At this juncture Newbold came back. He stopped before her unsteadily, his face now marked not only by the fierceness of the storm outside, but by the fiercer grapple of the storm in his heart.

"You have a right," he began, "to know everything. I can withhold nothing from you."

He had in his hand a picture and something yellow that gleamed in the light. "There," he continued extending them toward her, "is the picture of the poor woman who loved me and whom I killed, who saw me once before."

"Yes," she nodded, taking it from him carefully and looking again at a strange commixture of pride, resentment and pity at the bold, some what coarse, entirely uncultured, yet handsome face which gave no evidence of the moral purpose which she had displayed.

"And here," said the man offering the other article, "is something that no human eye but mine has ever seen since that day. It is a lock of I took from her neck. Until you came I wore it next to my heart."

"And since then," he continued, "I have been unworthy to wear it. I am unworthy you, and I have put it aside."

"Does it contain another picture?"

"Yes."

"Oh her?"

"Yes, man's face."

"You?"

He shook his head.

"Look and see," he answered.

Snatching the picture, the next second End Matland found herself gazing upon the pictured semblance of Mr. James Armstrong! She was utterly unable to suppress an exclamation and a start of surprise at the astonishing revelation. The man looked at her curiously; he opened his mouth to question her but she recovered herself in part at least and swiftly interrupted him in a pale of terror lest she should betray her knowledge.

"And what is the picture of another man doing in your wife's locker?" she asked to gain time, for she was well knowing the reply; knew it, indeed, better than Newbold himself! Who as it happened, was equally in the dark both as to the man and the reason.

"I don't know," answered the other.

"Do you know this man?"

"I never saw him in my life that I can recall."

"And have you—old you—"

"Did I suspect my wife?" he asked.

"Never. I had too many evidences that she loved me and alone for a ghost of suspicion to enter my mind. It may have been a brother, or her father in his youth."

"And why did you wear it?"

"Because I took it from her dead heart. Some day I shall find out who the man is and when I shall I know there will be nothing to her discredit in the knowledge."

End Matland nodded her head. She closed the locker, laid it on the table and pushed it away from her. So this was the man the woman had loved, who had begged her to go away with him, this handsome Armstrong who had come within an ace of winning her own affection, of whom she was in some measure pledged!

How strangely does fate work out its purposes. End had come from the Atlantic seaboard to be the second woman that both these men loved!

If she ever saw Mr. James Armstrong again, and she had no doubt that she would, she would have some strange things to say to him. She held in her hands now all the threads of the mystery, she was master of all the solutions, and each thread was a chain that bound her.

"My friend," she said at last with a deep sigh, "you must forget this night and go on as before. You love me, thank God for that, but honor and respect intervene between us. And I love you, and I thank God for that, too, but for me as for you, the same barrier lies. Whether I shall ever surmount these barriers God alone knows. He brought us together, he put that love in our hearts, we will have to leave it to him to do as he will with us both."

"The strength of the Weak. Although End Matland had spoken bravely enough while he was there, when she was alone her heart sank into the depths as she contemplated the dreadful and unsolvable dilemma in which these two lovers found themselves so unwittingly and fearfully involved. It was indeed a curious and bewildering situation. Passionate adoration for the other rose in each breast like the surging tide of a

mighty sea, and like that tide upon the shore it broke upon conventions, ideas, ideals and obligations intangible to the naked eye, but as real as those iron coats that have withstood the waves' assaults since the world's making.

The man had shaped his life upon a mistake. He believed absolutely in the unquestioned devotion of a woman to his own woman. He had been forced to mete out death in an unpremeditated and terrible manner. His unwillingness to derogate by his own conduct from the standard of devotion which he believed had inhabited his wife's bosom, made it impossible for him to allow the real love that had come into his heart for this new woman to have free course; honor, pride and self-respect scourged him just in proportion to his passion for End Matland.

The more he loved her, the more ashamed he was. By a curious combination of circumstances, End Matland knew the truth; she knew that from one point of view she was entirely unworthy the reverence in which her husband held her memory. She knew that his wife had not loved him at all, that her whole heart had been given to another man, that what Newbold had mistaken for a passionate desire for his society because of his own satisfaction in life, was the wife away from him, was due to a fear lest his protection should be unable to resist the appeal of the other man which her heart seconded so powerfully. If it were only that Newbold would not be false to his obligation of the other woman's devotion, End might have solved the problem in a moment.

It was not so simple, however. The fact that Newbold cherished this memory, the fact that this other woman had fought so desperately, had tried so hard not to give way, entitled her to the consideration and demand of her highest consideration. What chance, or Providence, had put her in possession of this woman's secret? Was it not a sin to have been caught inadvertently eavesdropping? She could not in honor make use of what she had overheard, as it were; she could not blacken the other woman's memory, she could not enlighten this man at the expense of his dead wife's reputation.

Although she longed for him as much as he longed for her, although her love for him assailed her by its depth and intensity, even to bring her happiness, comfort, and her feeling, she could not betray her dead sister. The impost of honor, how hard they are to sustain when they come with love and longing.

End Matland was naturally not a little thrown off her balance by the situation and the power that was hers. What she could do, she could not do; she could not allow anyone else to do it. The obligation upon her must be extended to others. Old Kirby had no right to the woman's secret any more than she; he must be silenced. Armstrong, the only other being who was privy to the truth, must be silenced.

One thing at least arose out of the sea of trouble in a tangible way; she was done with Armstrong. Even if she could not love Newbold that she could scarcely give a thought to any other man being, she was done with Armstrong.

Another situation! Armstrong had loved another woman, so had Newbold; and the latter had even married this other woman, yet she was quite willing to forgive Newbold, she made every excuse for him, she made none for Armstrong. She was an eminently sane, just person, yet as she thought of the man who had loved her, she was a little thrown off her balance by the situation and the power that was hers.

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CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED.

Wanted, a good general servant. Apply Mrs. E. Michener, "Hillcrest," Buchanan Hill. July 1st.

SEWING OR WASHING.

I am prepared to go out sewing or washing by the day—MRS. E. CHEROT, North Red Deer. Enquire at News Office. July 22, 2w.

TENDERS WANTED.

Tenders for a porch on the school house of St. Mary's School District, No. 1064, will be received by the undersigned up to Thursday, 30th day of July. For particulars apply to WILLIAM STYVEN, ART, Secretary-Treasurer, Red Deer, Alta. July 22, 2w.

WANTED.

A position as working housekeeper in the Red Deer or Sylvan Lake district. Am a thoroughly good, plain cook and careful housekeeper. Apply to Mrs. Clara Cunningham, P.O. Box 1171, Nelson, B.C. June 4.

FOR SALE.

The N.W. Gr. Sec. 17-30-26, 5 miles east of Red Deer. Timber land evenly wooded, and will yield 5,000 cords of mostly poplar wood, estimated at \$1,000.00. If desired, write T. HALLANTY, Port of N. Dak. July 22, 3w.

FURNITURE FOR SALE.

A lady who is leaving the city desires to dispose of some of her household furniture, as follows: One sewing machine, one bed, dresser, stove, heater, chairs, tables and numerous other articles. Will sell very reasonable. For information apply at this office, or 159 Fifth Street North. Red Deer, July 22, 2w.

FARM OF 160 ACRES FOR SALE.

1 1/2 miles east of Edgewood P.O. 50 acres broken, 100 room house, 20x36, brick cellar. Stone foundation. Wood shed, 18x20. Cost \$2,500.00. Frame barn, 20x40, contains four horse stalls and twelve cow stalls. Frame hen house, 12x20. Owner is railroad man and has no further interest in the property. Terms: \$2,500.00; \$1,000.00 cash, balance can be arranged to suit purchaser. For further particulars apply to EUGENE MOORE, Box 438, Nelson, B.C., or to C. W. Payne, Solicitor, Red Deer. July 22, 1m.

FARM FOR SALE.

140 acres, located N.W. 32-37-23, W. 4, two miles from Ardley and 10 miles from Sylvan Lake. Will sell cheap. Write to C. G. MITCHELL, Ellicottville, N.Y., R. F.D. No. 1. Jan. 28, 6m.

SYLVAN LAKE DAIRY.

Supply fresh milk, butter and eggs daily. Your business respectfully solicited. A post card will receive prompt attention. H. A. NETHERCOT, Proprietor, Sylvan Lake. July 8, 3w.

HORSES FOR SALE.

Some fine young geldings and fillies for sale, broken and unbroken; also some half bred Hackney drivers, broken, not afraid of autos, plenty of go in them, and will be sold reasonable. Apply to J. J. RICHARDS & SONS. Red Deer, Jan. 29, 1913.

Palace Livery

Horses and Auto up-to-date in every way, and at your service

Day and Night.

Reid Bros.

First St. S. PHONE 17

High Bald H. A. McKenzie
 Baird & McKenzie

Builders and
 Contractors

ESTIMATES carefully furnished on all work.

Address: P.O. Box 372, Red Deer

TO RENT.
 To rent—in Parkville. Clean, comfortable 6-room house, furnace, etc. Apply P.O. Box 665. July 22, 2w.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

For sale or rent, in North Red Deer, house, 5 rooms, recently painted and painted. Stabling for two horses. Powl house, etc. Box 328. June 24.

TO RENT.

Modern improved house, Gaetz Ave. North. 8 rooms. \$25.00 per month. Apply to N. WHITE, Auctioneer. Red Deer, July 1, 1t.

FOR SALE OR TRADE.

Will sell or trade for ranch an equity of \$1,500 in four room cottage in Vancouver. Address J. A. PECK, Box 314, Red Deer. July 22, 1w.

"KINGGO." Registered Standard

is standing for service at J. Cruikshank's Livery Barn. June 24, 1t.

NOTICE.

On the premises of G. Scott, S.W. 4-37-25, one black and white sow, about two years old.—SPENCER WYNDHAM, Brandenburger, at the Pike Lake, July 15, 3w.

IN THE MATTER OF THE Tax Enforcement Return of the Village of

Evarts, Alberta.

NOTICE is hereby given that His Honor Judge Lees, of the District Court of the District of Wetaskiwin, Alberta, appointed Friday, the second day of October, 1914, at two o'clock in the afternoon in the office of the Secretary-Treasurer at Evarts, as the time and place for holding the Court of Confirmation to confirm the Tax Enforcement Return of the Village of Evarts.

BY-LAW NO. 368

A By-law of the City of Red Deer to provide for borrowing of money for the purpose of erecting a skating rink.

WHEREAS it is deemed necessary and expedient that a skating rink should be erected in the City of Red Deer, and that there should be expended for such purpose the sum of \$12,000.00; and that the said sum be borrowed on the credit of the City of Red Deer, and that the indebtedness thus created be spread over a period of ten years bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the City, according to the last revised assessment roll, is the sum of \$1,229,033.00.

AND WHEREAS the total amount of the existing debt of the municipality, outside of the debt due for the current expenses of the year, is the sum of \$275,876.29, no part of which is in arrears.

AND WHEREAS it is expedient that this By-law take effect on the passing hereof.

NOW THEREFORE THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF RED DEER ENACTS AS FOLLOWS:

1. That the Mayor and Secretary-Treasurer of the City of Red Deer are hereby authorized and empowered to borrow on behalf of the municipality a sum or sums of money not exceeding in the aggregate the sum of \$12,000.00.

2. That the said sum shall be expended in the erection of a skating rink and for the purpose of raising the said loan one or more debentures of not less than \$100.00 each and not exceeding in the aggregate the sum of \$12,000.00 as aforesaid shall be issued, each of which debentures shall be dated on the day on which this By-law takes effect and shall be repayable in ten equal annual instalments of principal and interest at the Merchants Bank of Canada at Red Deer, Alberta.

3. Each of the said debentures shall be signed by the Mayor and Secretary-Treasurer of the City of Red Deer and sealed with the corporate seal of the said City.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, and shall have attached to them coupons for payment of instalments of principal and interest, which coupons shall be signed by the Mayor and Secretary-Treasurer of the City of Red Deer.

5. During the currency of the said debt there shall be raised annually by special rate on all the rateable property of the City of Red Deer the sum of \$1,630.40, the amount of the annual instalments of principal and interest due in each of the said years in respect of the said debt.

6. The votes of the duly qualified burgesses of the City of Red Deer shall be taken on the 24th day of August, 1914, in the City Hall, commencing at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon and continuing to the hour of five o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, and the Returning Officer and Deputy Returning Officer for taking the said votes shall be A. T. Stephenson and A. U. Ayres, respectively.

7. The said Returning Officer shall sum up the number of votes for and against this By-law on the 26th day of August, 1914, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon in the said City Hall.

8. That the By-law shall be finally considered by the Council, and if the same shall have been assented to by the burgesses shall then be passed on the 27th day of August, 1914, at the hour of eight o'clock in the evening at the said City Hall.

Read a first and second time in open Council this 27th day of July, 1914.

Mayor.

Secretary-Treasurer.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the foregoing is a true copy of the proposed By-law, which will be taken into consideration by the Municipal Council of the City of Red Deer after being voted upon by the electors, that the date of the first publication of the said proposed By-law is the 25th day of July, A.D. 1914, in the Red Deer News, a newspaper published in the City of Red Deer, and that the votes of the electors will be taken upon the said proposed By-law on the 24th day of August, A.D. 1914, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of the same day in the City Hall in the City of Red Deer, and the said Returning Officer shall sum up the number of votes for and against the said By-law on the 26th day of August, A.D. 1914, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon in the said City Hall.

Dated at Red Deer in the Province of Alberta, this 27th day of July, A.D. 1914.

A. T. STEPHENSON,

Secretary-Treasurer.

BY-LAW NO. 369

A By-law to authorize the issue of debentures of the City of Red Deer to the amount of \$3,000.00 to pay the cost of constructing certain boulevards.

WHEREAS boulevards have been constructed by the City of Red Deer at a cost of \$3,000.00 on the following streets, namely:

Stewart Street, on both sides, from Gaetz Avenue to Nanton Avenue.

McLeod Street on both sides, from Gaetz Avenue to Nanton Avenue.

Douglas Street on both sides, from Gaetz Avenue to East Avenue.

Park Street on both sides, from River Avenue to East Avenue.

Additional Avenue on both sides, from Douglas Street to the end of the Avenue.

Waskasoo Avenue on the East side,

from Douglas Street to Ross Avenue.

Waskasoo Avenue on the West side, from Douglas Street to Morrison Street.

Nanton Avenue on the West side, from Alexander Street to Munson Street.

Nanton Avenue on the East side, from Brooks Street to Munson Street.

AND WHEREAS in order thereto it is necessary to issue debentures of the City of Red Deer for the sum of \$3,000.00, as hereinafter provided, which is the amount of the debt intended to be created by this By-law, the proceeds of the said debentures to be applied to the said purposes and to no other.

AND WHEREAS it is desirable that the said indebtedness be spread over a period of ten years,

from Douglas Street to Ross Avenue.

Waskasoo Avenue on the West side, from Douglas Street to Morrison Street.

Nanton Avenue on the West side, from Alexander Street to Munson Street.

Nanton Avenue on the East side, from Brooks Street to Munson Street.

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Local and General

Attend the Fair every day. Miss Guest is the guest of Archdeacon and Mrs. Dowd.

The fireworks for the Red Deer Fair have arrived.

What a time you shall have on that excursion to Sylvan Lake.

Mr. Hornby, of Calgary, is in the city for a few days on business.

W. J. McLean, of Wainwright, is a visitor in the city for a few days.

Mrs. C. T. Blinn has returned from Sylvan Lake, where she has been spending a month's holiday.

See Sells and Dalziel, high class comedy entertainers—big free attraction at the Red Deer Fair.

S.O.E. White rose meeting to-night. Initiation, followed by executive meeting.

Six reels of pictures of the very best kind at the Lyric Theatre on Thursday.

Guy Gordon Maynard, of Bank of Commerce, Bassano, has been the guest of Mrs. S. S. Stent.

Mrs. Harry Vineberg, making arrangements for the Calgary, are holding at Sylvan Lake.

The Misses Hamley and Norman Hamley left on the noon train Monday for a trip to Seattle and the Coast.

The field day of the Alberta Natural History Society, which was to have been held today, is unavoidably postponed.

Miss Lydia Cooper, of Medicine Hat, is spending a two weeks' visit in town with her friend, Miss Norma Day.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Gee wish to thank their friends for the kindness shown them in the loss of their little daughter.

Miss Porter leaves for Port L'Ingen today after having spent a very pleasant holiday with her brother Andy and wife.

Mr. Sprole, Edmonton, was in Red Deer Sunday, making arrangements to have thirteen head of running and show horses at the Red Deer Fair.

Heavy hailstorms on Thursday last practically broke every window on the west side of Blackfalds and did terrible havoc to the crops in this district.

The general consensus of opinion in railway circles is that the A.G.T. will open for traffic on August 9th, and that Sylvan Lake can look for a temporary depot to be built in the near future.

The married footballers of the city issue a challenge to the strongest aggregation of single players that will be accepted by the city.

This will be no freak game, for the married men can produce the goods.

Mrs. John Quigg will have the sincere sympathy of her many friends in the loss she has sustained by the death of her father, Mr. Benjamin Haddock, at Dublin, Ireland, on July 4th.

All old friends of Russell Scott, who used to be with H. H. Hummer, will be pleased to learn of his success in the chess competitions. He looks like becoming a real champion.

Mrs. Leslie and three daughters and Miss McLean, of Glasgow, Scotland, are visiting Mrs. and Miss Patterson, and will all probably stay with them for some time.

Miss Baird, of the Merchants Bank, received news on Sunday last of the death of her brother, John, by drowning. She left for home on Monday, and has the sympathy of her many friends in the city.

Delirious celebration on Wednesday last was a marked success from every point of view, and the townspeople will feel very proud. A large number of Red Deer people, besides the Band, attended and quite enjoyed the trip.

Mrs. Mary Stephenson, of Vancouver, is visiting her children, Mrs. J. Mann, and A. T. and W. J. Stephenson. She is at present at Sylvan Lake with her son, W. J. and family, and will probably make a permanent stay in Red Deer.

Farmers and others requiring the services of boys could, in all probability, get good boys for the harvest season or for permanent work by applying to the Superintendent of Neglected Children, Old Parliament Buildings, Edmonton, Alta. A full description of the homes must be sent with the application.

Four big, free platform attractions at the Red Deer Fair, August 18, 19, 20, 21.

Provincial Football Matches at Red Deer

On Wednesday last Didsbury and Red Deer United played their provincial league game on the school grounds, the United winning by 6 to 0.

On Thursday night Lacombe were the visitors, the United again winning by 3 goals to 1.

Monday night a local league game between the Canadians and Firemen was played, the Firemen winning by 1 goal to 1.

On Wednesday last the game was played under protest, and the matter will be brought before the League committee.

CARD OF THANKS.

Mrs. Millin wishes to thank her friends and neighbors and Mr. Thompson for the kindness shown in her husband's illness, and thanks the city of Red Deer and Mr. Hewson and sons, and order of W. and W. and others for their wreaths and flowers.

Mrs. Rosie Millin, Red Deer.

FOR SALE OR TRADE.

For young stock several good farm work horses, weight around 1,400 lbs.—A. CLYDEBERRY, 11 Gaetz Ave., Phone 19.

July 29, 1914.

Board of Trade

Quarterly Meeting

The second quarterly general meeting of the Board of Trade was held in the offices of the Board on Monday, July 27th. A fair attendance of members turned up, with President Welliver in the chair.

The Council submitted a report covering what had been done by them during the past quarter, the enquiries received by the secretary, and a statement showing balance on hand of \$226.67. The report was adopted on motion of Messrs. Galbraith and Boyce.

CORRESPONDENCE.

A letter was read from the Calgary B. of T., re. passing of resolution in favor of formation of public utilities commission.

After discussion, it was moved and carried that the Secretary secure copies of the Acts and that the Board take the matter up and act on it.

The literature committee reported they had nothing definite to lay before the Board, but they were working on it.

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Chief Anderson. Makes it

Not for Undesirables.

Chief of Police, Anderson said five undesirables up before Justice Wallace on Friday, and the men, James Morris, James Anderson, James Alexander, Thaddeus Cass and John Melton, were all sent down for four months to the reformatory.

Complaints have been reaching the Chief about the number of robberies taking place from the freight cars in the yard, and the Chief and his assistants have been keeping careful watch of late, hoping to lay hold of the thieves.

On Thursday last the Chief had occasion to suspect a couple of the above named men, and warned them to get clear of the town. They did not do so, and he instructed Constable Reidy to watch their movements at night. Reidy reported the men were examining the freight cars, and the Chief appeared on the scene and, together with Constable Reidy, arrested the bunch with some difficulty.

Inspector Campbell, of the C.P.R. Police, Edmonton, was present, and presented the men for trespass, and Chief Anderson prosecuted on behalf of the city. The Chief received a communication from the Governor at Edmonton some time ago pointing out that the search for the murderers of the Esch and Aristo tragical had revealed the fact that there was a large number of the hobo element in the province, and they advised the city police to arrest as speedily as possible professional tramps, and to press for the maximum penalty of \$50 and costs, or six months hard labor, or both, to be imposed on those found guilty, as the surest means of making them give this province a wide berth, but consideration to poor unfortunate tramping work.

Chief Anderson says he means to carry out these instructions to the fullest extent in every case, so that a very warm welcome awaits the undesirables, as far as Red Deer is concerned.

Another man, Richard Goodman, was charged with a breach of the peace by fighting, and was relieved of \$5.50 as costs.

POPULAR RIDGE

The school picnic was held at Sylvan Lake, July 16th.

Thomas Brown, and daughter, Mrs. W. Spence, of Cranbrook, B.C., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. F. Brown, on their return from a two week visit to Western and other places.

Services will be held in the school house next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Several have begun haying. The crop will be small this year, as the hay is very short. No serious damage has been done by hail.

A few have been fortunate enough to keep on the sunny side of councillor Rogers and worked out their taxes for the year.

There is no road open from the south to the school house, and the half mile north is in and shape, and they have to